

# Calculus Formulas

## Limit Definitions of a Derivative

The derivative of  $f$  at  $x$  is given by:

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$$

The derivative of  $f$  at  $c$  is given by:

$$f'(c) = \lim_{x \rightarrow c} \frac{f(x) - f(c)}{x - c}$$

## Position/Velocity/Acceleration Formulas

If  $s(t)$  gives the position at time  $t$  of an object moving in a straight line, then the **average velocity** of the object over the interval  $[t, t + \Delta t]$  is given by:

$$\text{average velocity} = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} = \frac{s(t + \Delta t) - s(t)}{\Delta t}$$

If  $s = s(t)$  is the position function for an object moving along a straight line, then the **velocity** of the object at time  $t$  is given by:

$$v(t) = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{s(t + \Delta t) - s(t)}{\Delta t} = s'(t)$$

If  $s$  is the position function for an object moving along a straight line, then the **acceleration** of the object at time  $t$  is given by:

$$a(t) = v'(t)$$

## Summation of Position/Velocity/Acceleration

$$s(t) = \text{position}$$

$$v(t) = \text{velocity} = s'(t)$$

$$a(t) = \text{acceleration} = v'(t) = s''(t)$$